

~\CSI Code\Ullage Volume Optimization Code\nos_blowdown_simulation.py

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2 # By Adam Awad for the Columbia Space Initiative Rocketry Team
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4
5 # The goal of this program is to perform numerical simulations to approximate the behavior of
6 # liquid nitrous oxide through a choked injector for a nitrous oxide hybrid rocket
7 # motor. It uses the REFPROP library, interfacing in Python via CoolProp, and displays the
8 # data in Matplotlib. This program should produce an approximate graph
9 # of pressure vs. time given several fixed constraints: injector CdA, nitrous oxide mass, and
10 # outside temperature as initial conditions.
11
12 # This is the second version of this model, designed to approximate tank blowdown while
13 # incorporating compressibility of both the vapor and nitrous oxide.
14 # Additionally, this model is modifying the mass discharge parameters to be based on an
15 # injector CdA rather than a fixed mass flow rate. This leaves
16 # more free variables to be tweaked before finalizing engine design, but will produce more
17 # accurate results and produce an accurate mass flow rate vs. time graph.
18
19 # Assumptions to simplify the model:
20 # - Heat transfer through the plumbing to the nitrous oxide is second order during blowdown
21 # - The nitrous oxide remains saturated throughout the burn (rate of boil-off is greater than
22 # rate of discharge). Empirical tests have shown this is valid
23 # for initial ullage volume ratios exceeding 10-20%.
24 # - The bulk liquid nitrous is the same temperature throughout the burn (there is no
25 # temperature gradient between different regions of the liquid nitrous)
26 # - All choking occurs at the injector (modeled by Burnells) and the rest of the plumbing is
27 # sufficiently sized such that no choking occurs
28
29 import json, CoolProp.CoolProp as CP
30 from CoolProp.CoolProp import PropsSI
31 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
32 import equilibrium_finder as eqf
33 import numpy as np
34 import sys
35 import math
36 from decimal import Decimal, ROUND_DOWN
37
38 sys.setrecursionlimit(50000)
39
40 # REFPROP path setting
41 CP.set_config_string(CP.ALTERNATIVE_REFPROP_PATH, 'c:\Program Files (x86)\REFPROP')
42
43 #-----
44 # Initial Parameters:
45
46 # Initial liquid nitrous oxide mass in kg
47 targetLiquidMass = 14
48
49 # Orifice count and diameter
50 oCount = 16
51 oArea = 0.0000064
52
53 # Total orifice area in m^2
54 a0 = oCount * oArea
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47 # Injector Cd (dimensionless)
48 Cd = 0.75
49
50 # Expected tank temperature at launch in K
51 temperature = 300
52
53 # Total tank volume in m^3
54 tankV = 0.026622735858012
55 tankVGal = Decimal(tankV*264.172)
56
57 # IMPORTANT: Time step that controls model fidelity, dV for initial conditions
58 timeStep = 0.001
59 dV = 0.0001
60
61 # Arrays for the final output
62 denseArr = []
63 tempArr = []
64 pressArr = []
65 massFlowArr = []
66 timeArr = []
67
68 #-----
69 # *Defining Initial States of the Bulk Fluid and Vapor*
70 # Assuming saturation conditions, the temperature and total tank volume can be used to find
71 # initial conditions bulk liquid volume, density,
72 # and compressibility, and bulk vapor volume, density, and compressibility.
73 # This is performed using a recursive function that iterates through values until it finds a
74 # saturated vapor - liquid mixture at the initial temperature and mass
75
76 initVaporCompress = PropsSI ("Z", "T", temperature, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
77
78 def initParams (liquidV, vaporV): # Call this function starting with liquidVol = 0, vaporVol
79     = tankV
80     newLiquidV = liquidV + dV
81     newVaporV = vaporV - dV
82
83     newLiquidMass = newLiquidV * PropsSI ("D", "T", temperature, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous
84     oxide")
85     newVaporMass = newVaporV * PropsSI ("D", "T", temperature, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous
86     oxide") / initVaporCompress
87
88     if newLiquidMass >= targetLiquidMass:
89         return newLiquidV, newVaporV, newLiquidMass, newVaporMass, (newLiquidMass +
90         newVaporMass) # Initial liquid volume, vapor volume, and total mass reading for the load cell
91
92     return initParams (newLiquidV, newVaporV)
93
94 #-----
95 # *Blowdown Iterative Model*
96 # Architecture:
97 # - Starts with initial parameters given by initParams (0, tankV)
98 # (1) Remove some volume of liquid according to Burnell's equation for mass flow
99 # (2) Recalculate liquid and vapor volumes (with compressibility) after the new added volume
100 # decreased pressures
101 # (3) Calculate new bulk liquid temperature and vapor pressure from boil-off
102 # - Repeat steps (1) - (3) for each volume step dV

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98 liquidVol, vaporVol, liquidMass, vaporMass, totalMass = initParams (0, tankV)
99
100 def burnellEmpCoeff (press): # Linear approximation for the empirical coefficient C for
Burnell's equation.
101     return -0.000000015267*press + 0.2279
102
103 def injectorMassFlow (temp): # Calculates the volumetric flow rate per unit time dV/dt across
the injector
104     press = PropsSI ("P", "T", temp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
105     dens = PropsSI ("D", "T", temp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
106     mDot = Cd*a0*np.sqrt(2*dens*(press - press*(1 - burnellEmpCoeff(press)))) # Burnell's
equation
107     return mDot
108
109 def vaporizationH (temp): # Enthalpy of vaporization for nitrous oxide
110     return PropsSI("H", "T", temp, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide") - PropsSI("H", "T",
temp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
111
112 def specificHeat (temp): # Isobaric specific heat capacity of nitrous oxide
113     return PropsSI("C", "T", temp, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
114
115 def main (): # Performs the blowdown calculations
116     curLiqVol = liquidVol
117     curVapVol = vaporVol
118     curTemp = temperature
119     curPress = PropsSI ("P", "T", temperature, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
120
121     inEquilibrium = False
122
123     tracker = 0
124
125     while curLiqVol >= 0.001:
126
127         dens = PropsSI ("D", "T", curTemp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
128         mDot = injectorMassFlow(curTemp)
129         deltaV = (mDot / dens) * timeStep
130
131         if (inEquilibrium == True): # The system is in equilibrium, so we can remove some
volume.
132             tracker += 1
133             timeArr.append (tracker * timeStep)
134
135             curPress = curPress * (curVapVol / (curVapVol + deltaV))
136             pressArr.append (curPress * 0.000145038)
137
138             curLiqVol -= deltaV
139             curVapVol += deltaV * PropsSI ("Z", "T", curTemp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous
oxide")
140
141             massFlowArr.append (mDot)
142
143             inEquilibrium = False
144
145         else:
146             massSlice = deltaV / 0.01
147             curVapVol += massSlice * PropsSI ("Z", "T", curTemp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous
oxide") / PropsSI ("D", "T", curTemp, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")

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148     curTemp = curTemp - (massSlice/(curLiqVol*dens)) * (vaporizationH(curTemp)
/specificHeat(curTemp))
149
150     curVapMass = curVapVol * PropsSI ("D", "P", curPress, "Q", 1, "REFPROP::Nitrous
oxide")
151     curPress = curPress * (1 + massSlice / curVapMass)
152
153     tempPress = PropsSI ("P", "T", curTemp, "Q", 0, "REFPROP::Nitrous oxide")
154
155     if (curPress >= tempPress):
156         inEquilibrium = True
157
158 main()
159
160 #-----
161 # *Graphical interface*
162
163 plt.figure(1)
164
165 maxValPress = max(pressArr)
166
167 plt.ylim(0, maxValPress + 100)
168 plt.plot(timeArr, pressArr)
169 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
170 plt.ylabel('Pressure (PSI)')
171 plt.title('Tank Volume: ' + str(tankVGal.quantize(Decimal('.01')) + ' gal. Initial Nitrous
Temp (K): ' + str(temperature))
172 plt.grid(linewidth = '0.5')
173
174 plt.figure(2)
175
176 maxValMDot = max(massFlowArr)
177
178 plt.ylim(0, maxValMDot + 1)
179 plt.plot(timeArr, massFlowArr)
180 plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
181 plt.ylabel('Mass Flow Rate (kg/s)')
182 plt.title('Tank Volume: ' + str(tankVGal.quantize(Decimal('.01')) + ' gal. Initial Nitrous
Temp (K): ' + str(temperature))
183 plt.grid(linewidth = '0.5')
184
185 plt.show()
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